THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1795. [No 1722.]

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———late distinguished among the faithful of the Diocese of ——— to the remaining faithful, health and benediction.

St. Paul, my dear brethren, hath foretold that perilous times should come, in which men should be lovers of themselves, unholy, false accusers, high-minded, lovers of pleasure more than of God, men of corrupt minds, reprobates concerning the faith.—And in what time, hath this prediction been more literally fulfilled than in the present! Infidelity encouraged by a passion for domination presents itself in its most hideous form, the only true faith is persecuted under the specious garb of universal toleration.

Men thirsting for power, pretending to hold dogmas adverse from those of our Church, and which they have the impious effrontery to affert are equally true with ours, divert the imagination by holding up a delusive and heretical pretext for casting off that yoke said to be disgraceful to humanity (meaning no other than that maternal care by which our mother Church directs the steps of her children into the path way of their duty) thus seducing the understanding, and corrupting the hearts of men, by wickedly persuading them to deduce for themselves, from revelation and the scripture, aided by the light they can obtain by recurring to the first principles of human knowledge, that belief which their own weak reason shall approve, thus heightening their own cupidity by putting to jeopardy the salvation of their fellow-men—malevolently striving to strip of that majesty of character our reverend fathers which they derive from holding the guidance and guardianship of souls—willing to level with the vilest layman their own ecclesiasticks, that they may cast an odium on the distant dignity of ours, thereby arrogating to themselves the power of governing the whole interest of man—Is not their malevolence clearly displayed in those taunting and bitter railleries, with which our venerable Bishop was treated on his first installment into his see, those paltry squibs of the vile Bostonians; as if a ten years exile, added to the pious yearnings which our beloved father must have experienced for his children, left behind him in this land of Antichrist, this worse than Babylonish captivity, deprived of the healing balsam of his ministration, and continually haunted by that never to be forgotten phantom of tar and feathers, were not too great a penance for even the greatest of sinners—But my brethren these lovers of themselves, these reprobates concerning the faith, are implacable, they are incorrigible in their errors, they are hoodwinked by their prejudices, they are deafened to offered mercies through the mediation of the chieftain of our faith in this wilderness, they even have the temerity to treat with sacrilegious levity his power of consecration, as if a consecrated altar was not more acceptable to divinity than the unhallowed desk of a methodist.—O Scotland, it is to thee we are indebted for this invaluable boon, if thou hadst never cherished a nonjuror, America, alas! had never, never, had a Bishop: thou paradise of countries, thou garden of Eden, thou hast the tree of life and knowledge, thou fostereſt benevolennt designs, through thy instrumentality this American wilderness is made to bud anew—But is it not evident my Brethren that there are high minded men, who are striving to arrogate to themselves all power: is not the President of the United States said to possess all hearts? and is it not he who has said? that a methodist parson shall hold the same prerogatives as the Bishop of our diocese, and that neither hold more prerogative than a travelling tinker! what profanation of dignities! 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weather bound in Torbay, instead of being off Brest, where he might have been.

A meeting on the subject of the Navy was held last week at Newcastle, the result of which was, the choosing of a Committee, three of whom are to confer with Mr. Dundas, "to recommend the suspension of the impress, to send into actual service the gangs and crews of the tenders (amounting, it is said, from seven to ten thousand) to increase the wages of seamen in the navy, and to pay half of it monthly, for the support of their families."

Yesterday Lord Grenville signified to all the foreign Ministers, resident in London, that the Stadtholder will receive them this day, at the house of Baron de Nagel, ci-devant Minister from the United States.

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HOUSE OF COMMONS,
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THOMAS PINCKNEY."

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NEWPORT, April 21.

At the annual Town-Meeting held here last Wednesday, the following Gentlemen were chosen to represent this Town in General Assembly, viz. GEORGE CHAMPLIN, Esq; JOHN HANDY, Esq; Mr. NICHOLAS TAYLOR, Mr. JOHN L. BOSS, Mr. CHRISTOPHER FOWLER, and SIMEON MARTIN, Esq.

WELCOME ARNOLD, Esq; CHARLES LIPPITT, Esq; JOHN SMITH, Esq; and Mr. NICHOLAS EASTON, were chosen to represent the Town of Providence in the next General Assembly.

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By Capt. Whipple, who arrived here on Thursday Evening in 7 Days from Charleston, we learn, that on the Evening of the 5th Instant, off Charleston Bar, an Action took Place between the French Privateer Brig General Pulaski, mounting 16 Six Pounders, and the Bermudian Privateer Ship Sir Charles Grey, mounting 18 Twelve and 2 Six Pounders. The Brig had a valuable Prize Ship in Tow from Jamaica for London laden with 400 Hogsheads of Sugar, 100 Hogsheads of Rum, and a Quantity of Cotton. After a severe Engagement, the Republicans beat off the Ship, notwithstanding her Superiority in Number of Guns and Weight of Metal, and got the Prize into Charleston; the latter however lost her Masts on the Bar. The Brig had manned nine Prizes previous to this Action, and was preparing to sail immediately in Quest of the Bermudian.

NEWPORT, April 21.

At the annual Town-Meeting held here last Wednesday, the following Gentlemen were chosen to represent this Town in General Assembly, viz. GEORGE CHAMPLIN, Esq; JOHN HANDY, Esq; Mr. NICHOLAS TAYLOR, Mr. JOHN L. BOSS, Mr. CHRISTOPHER FOWLER, and SIMEON MARTIN, Esq.

WELCOME ARNOLD, Esq; CHARLES LIPPITT, Esq; JOHN SMITH, Esq; and Mr. NICHOLAS EASTON, are chosen to represent the Town of Providence in the next General Assembly.

A Gentleman from New-London, informs, that a Vessel was spoke with a few Days since on the Back of Long-Island, from Antigua bound to New York, having on board a Number of Inhabitants of that Island, who had been obliged to flee on account of a general Insurrection of the Negroes.

A Report has circulated for several Days past, via New-York, of the Death of the Empress of Russia.

The last Accounts from London mention, That the Discontent against the ministerial Party is great, and that the Clamour had been encreased by the Severity of the Winter, which had caused a considerable Scarcity, particularly of Coal, the Thames being frozen—That a Bill for the Importation and against the Exportation of Corn was read in the House of Commons a first Time on

the 2d February—On the same Day Mr. Pitt laid before the House a Plan for the Augmentation of the Navy, by withdrawing from the Service of Commerce One Man in Seven, and obliging each Vessel to take as Part of their Crew a Proportion of Landsmen according to their Tonnage—Another of his Propositions was to call on the different Counties for each 10,000 Men, to serve on board the Fleet; these Propositions with some Opposition went down, and a Bill was immediately brought in and read—That on the 3d of Feb. the Act suspending the Habeas Corpus, was continued in Force, by the House of Lords, but on the Motion of Earl Lauderdale with a Limitation Clause confining its Operation to the 31st July—That Gunboats were preparing to be moored off the several Creeks and Harbours in the North Channel. The building of 34 Ships of War, of which 10 are to be of 74 Guns, 6 Frigates of 40 Guns, 10 of 36 Guns, and 8 Sloops were contracted for—That the Question on an Address in Answer to a Message from the King on the Subject of the imperial Loan, was taken on the 5th of Feb. For the Minister 273; against him 58.—That Margate-Bay was frozen, a Circumstance that had not happened in the Memory of Man—That Mr. Grey on the 6th of February renewed his Motion for Peace in the Words following: "That the present Government of France is competent to entertain and conclude a Negociation for Peace."—16 for, 190 against.

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For the NEWPORT MERCURY.

Each mighty Lord, big with a pompous name,
And each high house of fortune and of fame,
With caution flee.——— ELPHINSTON.

IT is not my intention in these papers to try to impose upon the patience, or the judgment of the public, by *calling evil good, or good evil*; but to remind my fellow-citizens, that there is such a thing in the world, as *misrepresentation*——and that *misrepresentation*, from the ill effects it has produced, and is still capable of producing, is very much to be guarded against. Indeed it is hard to determine, whether telling a downright lie, or telling so much of the truth as suits an evil purpose, and carefully concealing the rest, is the higher transgression. If the former bespeaks a base and ignoble soul, the latter cannot be deemed a mark of either a great or a good one.

From these two ill qualities united, originates that tendency which we see in some men to annex such epithets and terms of odium to public characters, as they intend shall stigmatize them for *something*, which is generally held detestable by the public mind. This is a species of crimination or censorship, which, the WISDOM and BENEVOLENCE of the UNITED STATES does not sanction; however much the *folly* or *ill-nature* of some *individuals* may attempt to justify. And to give it the best name it can any how be said to deserve, it is but an ill-directed *Jealousy*——a Jealousy utterly incompatible with that civil tranquility and national happiness, which every man who *loves Peace, and minds his own Business*, uniformly studies to cultivate.

From the motto, I have chosen for this paper, it is very clear, that I am no friend to any thing, be it *title, fortune*, or whatever else, that tends to oppress the poor, to persecute the rich, or to infringe upon civil or religious liberty; well knowing what a dreadful malediction awaits the oppressors, the persecutors, and the scourgers of mankind. But to *this* idea I cannot refuse subscribing (an idea coeval with the world, and congenial to the nature of men) that in *whatever relation man stands in to man, certain grades of* OFFICIAL SUPERIORITY are indispensibly necessary to the well ordering of all things relative [illegible] ial life, or governmental system.

Nature has pointed this out, and the Voice of Heaven strongly recommends it to our attention. "HAVE WE NOT ALL ONE FATHER, HATH NOT ONE GOD CREATED US? The first words we are taught to pronounce, are Father, Mother, Sister, Brother. And what are these words, if they are not titles?—titles founded in nature, and unquestionably denoting *Relationship* and *Office* *.

From *titles* denoting Relationship and Office, the step is easy and obvious which leads to *those* of a Civil nature. But to enter upon *names* or *titles* of political fraternity and filiation, would be presuming too much perhaps on my readers' time, and therefore shall bid them adieu for the present. And lest Messrs. *Azariah* and *Anonymous* should call me ill-bred for neglecting them (altho' I apprehend I ought not to mind them much, 'till they have acquired a little more decency and good manners) I hereby present them with my compliments and best wishes:——For, being a *Christian*, a title infinitely preferable in my opinion to all others whatsoever, HE, from whom I have derived it, hath taught me never to *Return evil for evil, or railing for railing—but to love my enemies; to bless them who curse me, and to pray for them who despitefully use and persecute me.* And accordingly, I pray that God may guide *all such* into the way of truth and peace, and grant them his pardon and blessing.

ALETHEIA.

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* *As the word* Office *will frequently occur in discussing the present question, I beg it may be remembered, that I understand and use that word in its primary and unequivocal sense, as derived from the word* Officium, *and denoting neither* honor, *nor* titular superiority; *but exclusively, the discharge of certain duties committed in trust.*

☞ *A LIST of PRIZES in the Little Compton United Congregational Society Lottery will be published in our next.—It came too late to be inserted this Week.*

LIST *of* LETTERS *in the* POST OFFICE, *Newport, April* 14, 1795.

BENJAMIN Almy; Richard Barker, Abigail Bently, Cato Barker, John Barnard, Peleg Barker, 2; Ephraim Covel, Elijah Cobb, Col. Crary, Jo. Champlin; Capt. Durfee, William Douglas, Samuel Dean; William Easton, John Earl, Joshua Easton; William Grigg, Andrew Geoffroy, Abigail Gardner, 2; James Handy, 2; Benjamin Head *(Little Compton)*; Mons. Ingalls; Henry Jenckes; Nathan Luther, Robert Lawton, jun.; General Malbone, James Moffatt, Isaac Manchester *(Little Compton)* Quath Mowett, Ephraim Macomber, Hendrick Miller; Job Peirce *(Freetown)* Raymond Perry, Francis Pinckham; Abraham Reed, John Reed *(Somerset)* Thomas Russell; Preserved Sisson, Job Sisson, Joshua Stacey, John Springer, Joshua Stafford *(Tiverton)*; Hannah Turner, William Tilley; Edward Vose; Alice Wyatt.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, April 20.

ENTERED,	*from*
Sloop Sophia, Field,	Providence
Schooner Roba, Weeden,	New York
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Peggy, Bliss,	New-York
—— Romeo, Peterson,	Ditto
—— Delight, Gifford,	Ditto
—— Nancy, Gorton,	Ditto
—— Nancy, Baker,	Ditto
—— Sally, Elleck,	Ditto
—— Neptune, Arnold,	Ditto
Schooner Hibernia, Nichols,	Ditto

Sale at AUCTION,
On the Premises, on Wednesday the 29th Instant, at 11 *o'Clock, A. M. if not previously sold,*

ABOUT Six Acres of Land, at the South End of the Town, adjoining General MALBONE's Lots:—It will be sold in Three equal Divisions, to be surveyed and staked out: If it should be foul Weather, it will be on the next fair Day; a warranty Deed will be given, clear of all Incumbrance.——Any Person inclining to purchase, previous to the Time, may know the Terms, by applying to
THOMAS RUMREILL.
Newport, April 17, 1795.

BENONI PECKHAM
Informs his Customers and others,

THAT he has furnished himself with a new Supply of HAIR, of the first Quality, and is now ready to furnish Ladies with Braids, Commodes, Cushions and Curls, in the newest Fashion.——Also Cues, and Coverings for the Heads of those Gentlemen who have lost their Hair.—He returns his Thanks to those who have been pleased to favour him with their Custom the Year past, and hopes, by steady Attention to Business, to merit their future Favours.
Newport, April 20, 1795.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A PASTURE for Summer Keeping of milch Cows for the season will be opened on the 20th of May next, on the Farm late belonging to James Coggeshall, deceased, very convenient for great Part of the Town of Newport, and affording the best Kind of Feed for the Production of Milk——Those who wish to be accommodated, may apply to THOMAS G. HAZARD, or to Mr. ELISHA ANTHONY, at the Foot of Lewis-street.
Newport, April 6, 1795.

FOR SALE, BY
Christo[r]. Champlin,

BOHEA TEA, by the Chest,
Best Russia clean HEMP,
Russia DUCK.
Ravens DUCK,
Russia BAR-IRON,
Swedes BAR-IRON,
6 by 8, and 7 by 9, WINDOW-GLASS, per Box,
CORDAGE.

FOR SALE, BY
Clarke & Hammond,

PORK and Beef—by the Barrel,
Flour, by Ditto,
West India Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Jamaica Spirits, by Ditto,
Brandy, Geneva and Porter,
Sugar, by the Barrel,
Bohea Tea, by the Chest, or smaller Quantity,
Chocolate,
Window Glass, 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, per Box,
Bar-Iron, Nail Rods, Anchors,
Iron Caboozes, Stoves, &c. &c. as usual.
Newport, January 5, 1795.

RAN away, from the Subscriber, an indented Servant, named WILLIAM EARL.—Had on, when he went away, a light coloured Serge Coattee, Corduroy Waistcoat, and light coloured Coating Trowsers, white Tow cloth Shirt, and a new Castor Hat.—He took with him a dark Cloth Coat, striped Waistcoat, and elastic Over-alls, and one Holland Shirt; is about five Feet high, black sharp Eyes, dark brown Hair, &c.——Whoever will take up said Runaway, and secure him in any Gaol in the United States, so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN DOLLARS Reward, and necessary Charges, paid by
ABRAHAM REED.
Newport, April 5, 1795.

Sales at Auction.

Shopkeepers and others are invited to
GARDNER & DEAN's,
On THURSDAY, the 23d Instant, at Ten o'Clock——At which Time will be exposed for Sale the following GOODS, viz.

FURNITURE Cotton Checks—Shirting Ditto Ditto—white Cottons—blue Ditto—Linens—Calicoes—Shawls—Hats—Modes very good, and Dimity Sattins—Muslin Handkerchiefs—Shalloons—Lastings—Damask, for Table-Cloths—Shirting Cotton, very fine—15 Bolts of Russia Duck—and sundry other Articles.
Newport, April 21, 1795.

FOR SALE, BY
George Champlin

JAMAICA SPIRITS, by the Hogshead,
Jamaica SUGAR,
Bohea TEA—by the Chest,
Russia BAR-IRON,
SWEDES——Ditto,
6 by 8—and 7 by 9—WINDOW-GLASS,
Russia clean HEMP,
CORDAGE,——And,
A few Bolts of Russia DUCK.

ANTHONY DIXON
HAS FOR SALE,

SUGAR, by the Hogshead and Barrel,
Best SPIRITS, by the Barrel,
Holland GENEVA,——Ditto,
West-India RUM,——Ditto,
Bohea TEA, by the Chest,
Hyson TEA, First Quality,
French BRANDY, by the Barrel,
RAISINS, by the Cask.
Any of the above Articles, by Retail, cheap for Cash.

ALSO,
A Consignment of 4 Boxes of Souchong TEA.
Newport, March 3, 1795.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Sheffield Attwood,
BROKER,

WEST-INDIA and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Geneva by the Hogshead, Barrel, or Case,
Brown Sugar, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Molasses, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Cordage, of all Sizes,
Tar and Turpentine by the Barrel,
A Sloop of about Eighty Tons Burthen, well found—and built but a few Years.

Any Vessel bound to Boston, that may want Part of a Freight, can be partly supplied with Freight by him.

Sundry Dwelling-Houses, in different Parts of this Town, very cheap for Cash.

Any Gentleman, that may want a MOSES BOAT, of any Dimension, may be supplied by him at the shortest Notice.

He still continues to carry on the BAKING Business, in all its Branches.——And has now on Hand, a small Quantity of CABIN and SHIP BREAD, which he will sell cheap as any imported, of equal Quality.

N. B. He gives the highest Price for old GOLD and SILVER.
Newport, March 23, 1795.

Stephen Pierce,
HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Also, an Assortment of neat GUN-LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT.

STATE of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
March 13th, 1795.

PURSUANT to a Resolve of the General Assembly, the Creditors of Samuel Dyre, of Newport, in the County of Newport, Esq; are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, at the General Assembly to be holden at Newport, on the First Wednesday in May next, then and there to shew Cause, if any they may have, why his Petition, for the Benefit of an Act passed in June, A. D. 1756, for the Relief of insolvent Debtors, ought not to be granted.

HENRY WARD, *Secry.*

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CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, April 20.

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Sloop Sophia, Field, Providence
Schooner Roba, Weeden, New York

CLEARED, *For*

Sloop Peggy, Bliss, New-York
—— Romeo, Peterson, Ditto
—— Delight, Gifford, Ditto
—— Nancy, Gorton, Ditto
—— Nancy, Baker, Ditto
—— Sally, Ellecck, Ditto
—— Neptune, Arnold, Ditto
Schooner Hibernia, Nichols, Ditto

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FOR SALE, BY

Christo^r. Champlin,

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Best Russia clean HEMP,
Russia DUCK.
Ravens DUCK,
Russia BAR-IRON,
Swedes BAR-IRON,
6 by 8, and 7 by 9, WINDOW-GLASS, per Box,
CORDAGE.

FOR SALE, BY

Clarke & Hammond,

PORK and Beef—by the Barrel,
Flour, by Ditto,
West India Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Jamaica Spirits, by Ditto,
Brandy, Geneva and Porter,
Sugar, by the Barrel,
Bohea Tea, by the Chest, or smaller Quantity,
Chocolate,
Window Glass, 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, per Box,
Bar-Iron, Nail Rods, Anchors,
Iron Cabooses, Stoves, &c. &c. as usual.

Newport, January 5, 1795.

RAN away, from the Subscriber, an indented Servant, named WILLIAM EARL.—Had on, when he went away, a light coloured Serge Coattee, Corduroy Waistcoat, and light coloured Coating Trowsers; white Tow cloth Shirt, and a new Castor Hat.—He took with him a dark Cloth Coat, striped Waistcoat, and elastic Over-alls, and one Holland Shirt; is about five Feet high, black sharp Eyes, dark brown Hair, &c.——Whoever will take up said Runaway, and secure him in any Gaol in the United States, so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN DOLLARS Reward, and necessary Charges, paid by

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Jamaica SUGAR,
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Russia BAR-IRON,
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ALSO,

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Newport, March 3, 1795.

TO BE SOLD, BY

Sheffield Attwood,

BROKER,

WEST-INDIA and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Geneva by the Hogshead, Barrel, or Case,
Brown Sugar, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Molasses, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Cordage, of all Sizes,
Tar and Turpentine by the Barrel,

A Sloop of about Eighty Tons Burthen, well found—and built but a few Years.

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STATE of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
March 13th, 1795.

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HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

DATA OBOLUM BELISARIO.

O FORTUNE how ſtrangely thy gifts are awarded,
How much to thy ſhame thy caprice is recorded;
Since the wiſe, great and good, of thy frowns ſeldom ['ſcape any,
Witneſs poor BELISARIUS, who begg'd for a ha'penny.
Date obolum, date obolum, date obolum Beliſario.

He whoſe fame, for true valour, was ſpread far and wide,
And whom none but his COUNTRY true praiſe e'er [deny'd;
By his poor faithful DOG was thro' ROME's city led,
With one foot in the grave forc'd to beg for his bread.
Date obolum, &c.

As a young Roman KNIGHT was by chance paſſing by,
The Old Soldier's appearance at once caught his eye;
And his purſe in his helmet he dropt with a tear,
While the VETERAN's ſad ſtory attracted his ear.
Date obolum, &c.

"I have fought, I have bled, I have conquer'd for [Rome;
"I have crown'd her with Laurels, which for ages will [bloom;
"From her foes harſh dominion, I've rais'd her to power;
"I eſpous'd her for Life, and diſgrace is my dower.
Date obolum, &c.

"I no Soldiers e'er riſqu'd by attacking at random,
"Or victory inſur'd with a *Nil deſperandum*;
"But whenever I fought, I made both friend and foe [know,
"That all my deſign was *Pro publico Bono.*
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"I no Colonies loſt by attempts to enſlave them,
"Or of ROMANS free rights ever ſtrove to bereave 'em;
"Or to bow down their necks to my pride or my pleaſure,
"Have an empire divided, or waſted its treaſure.
Date obolum, &c.

"Nor yet to enrich or ennoble myſelf,
"Has my glory been tarniſh'd by baſe views of pelf;
"For ſuch ſordid deſigns I've ſo far been from carving,
"Blind and old I've no chance but of begging or ſtarving.
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"Now if HERO or STATESMAN ſhould hear this re- [lation,
"Whoſe deeds have ſtill been for the good of his nation,
"What tho' feeble and blind, ſhould like me grope his [way,
"The bright SUNBEAMS of VIRTUE will turn Night [to Day.
Date obolum, &c.

"But if wanting that light, at the cloſe of Life's ſpark,
"He at length comes to take the great leap, in the dark,
"He may wiſh, while his friends wring their hands [round his bed,
"That like poor BELISARIUS he'd begg'd for his bread.
Date obolum Beliſario."

The Management of ORCHARDS and FRUIT LIQUOR, in *Herefordſhire* and *Glouceſterſhire.*

[*Continued from our laſt.*]

FRUIT LIQUOR.

3. MATURING GATHERED FRUIT.

BY way of correcting the crudity of the unripe Fruit, which in the common practice has been forced from the trees, in the way that has been mentioned,—the whole is laid together in large heaps, in the open air, *expoſed to the weather*, until the ripeſt,—that is to ſay, the richeſt and fineſt of the fruit,—is beginning to rot.—Thus deſtroying, by an injudicious application of art, the natural perfection of the whole *.

Such, at leaſt, is the ordinary management of fruit; under which management three fourths, or perhaps a much greater proportion, of the cider produced in the diſtrict is made.

There are men, however, aware of the impropriety of the practice; but they differ in their ideas on the means of rectifying it. One is of opinion, that the ripe fruit, having dropped ſpontaneouſly, or having been ſhook down by a gentle agitation of the boughs, ſhould lie ten days under the trees, as it falls; and then be gathered, and carried immediately to the mill; without any further maturation. And, in purſuance of this idea, ſome few orchards, and even cultivated grounds, are ſeen with fruit lying under the trees, ſo thick, that the foot could not well be ſet down among it.

Others object to this practice; as expoſing the fruit; not only to pigs, and other live ſtock §; but to the weather: alledging that rain and dews are injurious to fruit after it has quitted the trees.

Their opinion is, that it ought to drop ripe from the tree;—to be picked up while dry; and to be kept dry, under cover, ſometime afterward to mature; and, ſome will have it to take a degree of *heat*: which others object violently againſt its heating; conſequently againſt lofts; thinking, that it cannot be kept too cool, in the open air, and that rain water is not injurious to it.

Reaſon and common ſenſe, however objects to this. All vegetable ſubſtances, after they are ſecured from the ſoil, loſe their flavour, at leaſt in being expoſed to the weather. With regard to this, apples, as well as hay and corn, ought to be harveſted dry.

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The *due degree of maturation of fruit* for liquor is, however, a ſubject, about which men, even in this diſtrict, differ much in their ideas. The prevailing practice (as has been intimated) is to let it lie, in heaps, until the ripeſt begin to rot, or are actually rotten. But this is waſting the beſt of the fruit; and is by no means an accurate criterion. Some ſhake the fruit, and judge by the rattling of the kernels: others cut it through the middle, and judge by their blacknels: but none of theſe appear to be a proper teſt. It is not the ſtate of the *kernels*, but of the *fleſh*; not of a few individuals, but of the major part of the prime fruit; which renders the collective body fit or unfit to be ſent to mill. It is true, a few individuals, or the kernels of the middle-ripe fruit may be ſome guide to the ſtate of the fleſh of the majority; but why conſult a criterion, when the ſubject itſelf is preſent? The moſt rational teſt of the ripeneſs of fruit, which I have met with, is that of the fleſh having acquired ſuch a degree of *mellowneſs*,—its texture ſuch a degree of tenderneſs,—as to yield to moderate preſſure. Thus when the knuckle, or the end of the thumb can, with moderate exertion, be forced into the pulp of the fruit, it is deemed in a fit ſtate for grinding. Or, in leſs practical terms, the proper ſtate of maturation is when the fleſh has acquired its higheſt degree of richneſs, and the kernels their higheſt degree of flavour; and while the rind yet retains its brightneſs and pungency.

(To be continued.)

* *In paſſing through the country in the wane of the gathering ſeaſon, the farm-houſes are ſeen ſurrounded with heaps of fruit; expoſed not only to the weather; but, of courſe, to night rovers! A ſtriking ſight;—to thoſe who are ſtrangers to it.*

§ *In a ground of this kind, I have obſerved a Sow, ſo much ſatiated with highly flavoured fruit, as to ſmell, perhaps, at ten mellow apples, before ſhe found one to her tooth! Sheep, I have obſerved, eat fruit with avidity. Deer are ſtill more partial to it.*

NEWPORT

Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School

LOTTERY.

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Prizes.		*Dollars.*		*Dollars.*
1	of	30,000	is	30,000
1		20,000		20,000
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5		2 000		10 000
10		1,000		10,000
20		500		10 000
50		200		10 000
100		100		10 000
110		50		5 500
500		25		12 500
11,200		10		112,000
12,000				250,000

The PRIZES ſubject to a Deduction of ONLY *Ten per Cent.*

This Lottery conſiſts of 2000 SHARES, at 125 Dollars per Share, and each Share will draw SIX PRIZES.

A Share may draw 72,000 Dollars!—it cannot draw LESS than 60 Dollars.

UNDIVIDED SHARES, will be ſold for 71 Dollars in Caſh, and the remaining 54 Dollars will be payable out of the Prizes which they may draw: And for the Accommodation of Purchaſers a Number of the Shares will be divided into 27 TICKETS, each of which Shares will be ſold for 125 Dollars, and ſingle Tickets for 5 Dollars.

The Lottery will be drawn in Shares, and the Tickets in the Shares, which ſhall be divided, will be put into the Wheel, and re drawn—ſo as to determine to which of the Tickets the Prizes drawn by the Share belongs.

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The PRIZES will be paid in *Thirty Days* after the Drawing is completed, and thoſe not demanded in *Twelve Months* will be deemed generouſly given for the Purpoſe of the Lottery, and applied accordingly.

SHARES and *TICKETS*
To be SOLD in *Newport*, by
GEORGE GIBBS,
GEORGE CHAMPLIN, } *Managers.*

Newport (Rhode Iſland) March 20, 1795.

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At the DUCK MANUFACTORY,

Where a generous Price is conſtantly given, for good clean FLAX.

N. B. A few WEAVERS, by applying ſoon, may have conſtant Employ, and good Wages.

Newport, April 13, 1795.

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HAS FOR SALE,

JAMAICA and Windward-Iſland RUM, by the Puncheon,
SUGARS, clay'd and brown, by the Hogſhead or Barrel, of different Qualities,
The beſt of Surinam MOLASSES, by the Hogſhead, for retailing,
PEPPER, by the Bag,
COFFEE Ditto,
PORK, by the Barrel.

Newport, February 9, 1795.

Giles Hoſier,

Takes this Method to inform the Public, he has now for Sale,

Bottled prime mild Stout,

At 12 Shillings per Dozen,—or Half Dozen at the ſame Rate.

To thoſe that bring Bottles, at 9 Shillings per Dozen.
By the ſingle Bottle, 15 Pence, with the Bottle.

Newport, 23d 3d Month, 1795.

PHILADELPHIA, RUSSIA, and SWEDES, } BAR-IRON;
RUSSIA clean HEMP,
RUSSIA and RAVENS DUCK, and CORDAGE, of all Sizes,
Coarſe and fine SALT, of excellent Qualities.

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W LITTLEFIELD, *Captain*
Corps of Artilleriſts and Engineers.

General Rendezvous, Newport, Feb. 16, 1795.

For *SALE*,

THE Three-Story DWELLING-HOUSE, in Thames Street, near the Lower-Ferry Wharf, an excellent Stand for Buſineſs, at preſent occupied by Mr. HENRY G. CHAMPLIN, together with the STORE, STABLE and CHAISE-HOUSE, Front Rear, and a GARDEN LOT.

Alſo, a Two Story DWELLING-HOUSE, to the Weſtward of the above deſcribed Premiſes, on Stevens's, formerly Cowley's Wharf, at preſent occupied by Mrs. BENTLEY.—Payments will be made eaſy.—For Terms, apply to

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, June 30, 1794.

Newport, March 24 1795.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of STEPHEN AYRAULT, late of Newport, Merchant, deceaſed, are once more called upon for Payment.—And as there is an abſolute Neceſſity of the Eſtate being ſoon ſettled, all Delinquents muſt expect to have the Demands upon them put in Suit, to May Court, however diſagreeable ſuch Meaſure may be to them, as well as to the Subſcriber,

JOHN BOURS, *Executor.*

N. B. A Mortgage on a ſmall Houſe, and one Acre of Land, in Portſmouth, about five Miles from Newport, on the Eaſt Road, late belonging to William Greene, to be diſpoſed of by ſaid Executor.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed, by the Hon. Town Council of Newport, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Eſtate to BENJAMIN INGRAHAM, late of Newport, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent: And Six Months longer being allowed for that Purpoſe, all Perſons having Demands on ſaid Eſtate, are hereby again called upon to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the aboveſaid Time.

EDMUND TOWNSEND,
JOB TOWNSEND.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate Payment to

SARAH INGRAHAM, Executrix.

Newport, March 1, 1795.

DATA OBOLUM BELISARIO.

O FORTUNE how ſtrangely thy gifts are awarded,
How much to thy ſhame thy caprice is recorded;
Since the wiſe, great and good, of thy frowns ſeldom ['ſcape any,
Witneſs poor BELISARIUS, who begg'd for a ha'penny.
Date obolum, date obolum, date obolum Beliſario.

He whoſe fame, for true valour, was ſpread far and wide,
And whom none but his COUNTRY true praiſe e'er [deny'd;
By his poor faithful DOG was thro' ROME's city led,
With one foot in the grave forc'd to beg for his bread.
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As a young Roman KNIGHT was by chance paſſing by,
The Old Soldier's appearance at once caught his eye;
And his purſe in his helmet he dropt with a tear,
While the VETERAN's ſad ſtory attracted his ear.
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"I have fought, I have bled, I have conquer'd for [Rome;
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FRUIT LIQUOR.

3. MATURING GATHERED FRUIT.

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THOSE Perſons who wiſh to Inliſt in the Corps of Artilleriſts and Engineers, will receive 14 Dollars Bounty, and 4 Dollars monthly Pay—Good Proviſions, and complete Cloathing for the Seaſon.—The Non commiſſioned Officers will alſo receive an additional Encouragement, according to their Rank.

W. LITTLEFIELD, *Captain Corps of Artilleriſts and Engineers.*

General Rendezvous, Newport, Feb. 16, 1795.

For *SALE*,

THE Three-Story DWELLING HOUSE, in Thames Street, near the Lower Ferry Wharf, an excellent Stand for Buſineſs, at preſent occupied by Mr. HENRY G. CHAMPLIN, together with the STORE, STABLE and CHAISE-HOUSE, Front Rear, and a GARDEN LOT.

Alſo, a Two Story DWELLING-HOUSE, to the Weſtward of the above deſcribed Premiſes, on Stevens's, formerly Cowley's Wharf, at preſent occupied by Mrs. BENTLEY.—Payments will be made eaſy.—For Terms, apply to

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, June 30, 1794.

Newport, March 24, 1795.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of STEPHEN AYRAULT, late of Newport, Merchant, deceaſed, are once more called upon for Payment.—And as there is an abſolute Neceſſity of the Eſtate being ſoon ſettled, all Delinquents muſt expect to have the Demands upon them put in Suit, to May Court, however diſagreeable ſuch Meaſure may be to them, as well as to the Subſcriber,

JOHN BOURS, *Executor.*

N. B. A Mortgage on a ſmall Houſe, and one Acre of Land, in Portſmouth, about five Miles from Newport, on the Eaſt Road, late belonging to William Greene, to be diſpoſed of by ſaid Executor.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed, by the Hon. Town Council of Newport, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Eſtate to BENJAMIN INGRAHAM, late of Newport, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent: And Six Months longer being allowed for that Purpoſe, all Perſons having Demands on ſaid Eſtate, are hereby again called upon to bring in their Claims to either of us, at our reſpective Dwellings, within the aboveſaid Time.

EDMUND TOWNSEND,
JOB TOWNSEND.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate Payment to

SARAH INGRAHAM, Executrix.

Newport, March 3, 1795.